



JOSEPH L. SINGLETON IN "THE QUEST"  
FIVE PART SERIAL  
Produced by American.

## TONIGHT

### OGDEN THEATER

Presents the first great Mutual master picture:

## "THE QUEST"

They blew up a real steamship in making this great photoplay. It is filled with thrills and heart interest—

2 p. m. to 11 p. m., today and Thursday.  
Five cents and ten cents for the BEST seats in the house.

## OGDEN THEATER

IF IT'S AT THE OGDEN, IT'S GOOD

## BLOCKADE ORDER BRINGS PROTEST

Washington, March 30.—The reply of the United States government to the British Order-in-Council decreeing a virtual blockade against commerce to and from Germany was cabled to Ambassador Page at London tonight for presentation to the British foreign office.

As soon as the communication has been delivered, it will be made public here and in London under an agreement between the two governments. In the meantime officials decline to give any intimation as to its contents.

Beyond the fact that the United States stands firmly for its right to carry on legitimate trade with neutral countries, even though they be contiguous to belligerents, little is known of the administration's position in view of developments since the last note was dispatched inquiring how Great Britain and her allies intended

to enforce their prohibition against trade of "enemy origin, ownership or destination."

Officials have pointed out, however, that the American government wanted more definite information as to the action of the allies' blockade fleets and that the question of whether the order in council was to be enforced under international law governing blockades or under the rules of contraband had not been answered.

Diplomats of other neutral countries, particularly those of South and Central American governments, have displayed the greatest interest in the note. Several of them were among Secretary Bryan's callers today, though as far as could be learned none gained any positive information as to the character of the document. Since efforts to bring about joint representation regarding the rights of neutrals on the high seas failed, it is understood that the South and Central American republics are anxious to move along lines set by the United States to establish their record which will form the basis of claims for damages suffered by their citizens through the activities of the allied fleets.

It was said at the state department today that the usual practice of awaiting judgment by the prize court was being followed in the case of the Argentine of the American steamer Antilla, which was seized last month. The records show that the steamer carried a quantity of food and some machinery, both of which have been declared contraband by Great Britain. As to the ship herself, no reason for her detention now that her cargo has been discharged is known, and department officials expect her to be released very soon.

Wedding Breakfast Coffee has been sold in Ogden for 30 years. It's better today than ever. 35c per pound.—Advertisement.

Read the Classified Ads.

## CAPT. W. B. SHORT DIES ON COAST

Captain W. B. Short of Salt Lake, father of Mrs. F. M. Driggs, died yesterday afternoon in Los Angeles, according to a telegram received by Professor Driggs. He is survived by his widow and the following sons and daughters:

A. E. Short of Murray, Charles A. Short of Los Angeles, Mrs. F. M. Driggs of Ogden, Mrs. W. A. Wood of San Francisco, Mrs. D. M. Cooper of Moab, Utah, Miss Irene Short of Los Angeles, Mrs. Lester E. Moreton of Fort Worth, Va. All of the children except C. A. Short and Mrs. Moreton were at the bedside when death came and Mrs. Moreton passed through Ogden yesterday en route to Los Angeles.

Captain Short was a veteran of the civil war and a member of the G. A. R. He was wounded at Vicksburg and at Atlanta, Ga., and participated in Sherman's famous march to the sea. He was mustered out of the army with the rank of lieutenant colonel and had lived in Salt Lake for nearly 30 years. As a result of his death, the widow is seriously ill. The couple had been married 52 years.

It is all right for a man to know himself, but many a man, if wise, would not boast of the acquaintance.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF OGDEN, UTAH.  
U. S. DEPOSITARY.  
Capital ..... \$150,000.00  
Surplus and Undiv. Profits ..... \$200,000.00  
Deposits ..... \$2,500,000.00  
M. S. Browning, President.  
John Watson, Vice-President.  
L. R. Eccles, Vice-President.  
R. B. Porter, Vice-President.  
James F. Burton, Cashier.  
Sumner P. Nelson, Asst. Cash.

## COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK

OGDEN, UTAH.

### THE BEST WAY

to make money grow is to start an account with the Commercial National Bank and deposit your spare cash promptly each week. Your funds are then secure and earning a good rate of interest. Your account is invited.

4% Interest paid on Savings Accounts.

## SUBMARINE FLEW ENGLISH ENSIGN

London, March 30, 9:50 p. m.—Germany's next move in the military field—because some stroke either in the east or the west is expected before the allies attempt their spring advance—is at present the chief subject of speculation and conjecture. According to reports reaching here from Petrograd, the German emperor is now at Berlin holding a war council with Field Marshal von der Goltz, the German military commander of Constantinople, and other leaders, and is planning a new campaign to offset the fall of Przemyśl and meet the situation in the Dardanelles.

There has been nothing of an outstanding nature in either theatre of the land operations since the surrender of the Austrian fortress. Sniping, mining and bomb-throwing predominate along the western front, while fighting, fierce but undecided, rages in the Carpathians.

The British cabinet met today and there is every reason to believe that it considered the liquor question and the stamping out of the evil, which is now one of the greatest problems of the nation. There is still much talk of prohibition, but it is not generally believed that this course will be adopted, although it is conceded that some step of a drastic and universal character will soon be taken.

The return of ex-Premier Venizelos to Athens after a short rest, the tumultuous reception accorded him and his reiterated of the declaration that Greece must join in the conflict on the side of the entente powers have combined to start up predictions as to when the group of neutral states, which have been wavering so long, will take up arms. But the materials upon which these predictions are based are of the scantiest. The inquiry at Milford Haven in the matter of the sinking of the steamer Falaba has established an official death list of 111. Witnesses under oath testified to what has previously been charged, that the submarine fired before sufficient time had elapsed for the removal of the passengers.

Walter Baxter, chief officer of the Falaba, contributed the odd statement that the submarine crew were dressed in khaki. He also swore that the submarine, when first sighted, flew the English ensign, which was replaced by the German ensign prior to the attack.

## RED CROSS CAR IS IN WYOMING

The American Red Cross car No. 2 with Dr. W. N. Linscomb in charge, is being sent over the Wyoming division of the Union Pacific, for a three weeks' tour, the purpose being to give instructions to the railroad employees on first aid treatment. The lectures and demonstrations will be given in the car, which was in Cheyenne, Wyo., Monday.

The itinerary of the Red Cross car will be as follows: Hanna, March 31 and April 1; Rawlins, April 2 and 3; Rock Springs, April 4; Green River, April 5, 6 and 7; Aspen, April 8; Evanston, April 9 and 10; Echo, April 11, and Ogden, April 12.

## BOOSTING FOR THE MAY EXCURSION

Members of the local lodge, Brotherhood of American Yeomen, and their friends were entertained last night in the Woodmen's hall, with an illustrated lecture on "California and the Two Expositions," by C. L. McPaul, general passenger agent of the Southern Pacific railroad.

The lecture included nearly two hundred views of attractive stopping places in California and a route to the coast, and of specially interesting features of the expositions. It was given to promote interest in the excursion of the Yeomen's lodge to California, in May, and proved highly enjoyable to the large crowd that attended.

## INSPECTION OF THE NATIONAL GUARDS

The annual official federal inspection of company B, Utah National Guards, was made last night at the local armory, by Captain McLaughlin of the United States army, Captain Wallace, Inspector-instructor for Utah; Major Williams, commanding the First battalion of Utah infantry, and Captain Jorgensen. Captain McLaughlin is Inspector-instructor for the state of Oregon.

The inspection was a thorough one and consisted of an examination of the property of the quartermaster's department and of the ordinance department. The visiting officers also witnessed a drill by the company.

Company B now has 55 members, including the following officers: Capt. W. E. Kneass, First Lieutenant W. E. Lindquist; Second Lieutenant A. E. Wilfong and First Sergeant F. A. Smith.

Peoria, Ill., March 30.—L. R. Allen and A. H. Allen of Detroit with a score of 1,297 today won the championship in the two-men event at the fifteenth annual tournament of the American Bowling congress.

D. Maloney and J. Noll of Elizabeth, N. J., and E. J. Kelly and A. Toemmel of Chicago are tied for second place with a score of 1,281. W. Hartley and M. Lindsey of New Haven are fourth with 1,270.

## FRENCH MAKING SOME HEADWAY

Paris, via London, March 30, 11:50 p. m.—The following official communication was issued this evening:

"During the night of March 29-30, the enemy continued without results to bombard the Neuport bridge."

"There has been an intermittent cannonade on the entire front from the sea to the Aisne."

"In Champagne in the region of Perthes, Reims and Ville-sur-Tourbe, there was an artillery action and mine warfare, in which we obtained the advantage."

"In the Argonne fighting continues at several points with tenacity and determination, but without appreciable results to either side."

"On Monday Fort Donnauport, north of Verdun, was struck by twenty-one centimeter shells. Our artillery immediately silenced the German batteries. The fort was not damaged."

"In the western part of the forest of Lepretre we carried a line of trenches in which we took 100 prisoners. Despite a violent counter attack, we maintained the greater part of the trenches won."

"To the west of Pont-a-Mousson we carried a German post and repulsed three counter attacks."

"On the battlefield at Hartmannsweilerkopf the bodies of 700 Germans have been counted."

## GERMANS ARE TO LAY MANY MINES

Rotterdam, March 30.—Maximilian Harden, lecturing recently in Berlin on the course of the war, said:

"Our chief enemy, England, has not, it is true, received any mortal wound, but the greatest danger is threatening it from our submarines."

"As soon as we have succeeded in extending the radius of the action of our bigger submarine types they will be able to be used for the lavish laying of mines."

"Then on that morning the island kingdom will awake to find itself surrounded by a new circle of mines, and its mastership of the sea will be at an end."

"In everything Germany can have confidence."

"After eight months of immense struggle it is not standing as the conqueror, but its power remains untouched."

## SOCIALISTS MAY GAIN EQUAL RIGHTS

London, March 30, 3:49 a. m.—As a result of German Socialists' staunch support of the government in the war, party leaders confidently expect the future will bring Socialists' rights and privileges equal to those granted all other parties.

Expressing this belief was adopted by the Socialist party in the Diet of Hesse, according to a Darmstadt dispatch to the Reuter Telegram company by way of Amsterdam.

The resolution added that while safeguarding all party principles, Socialist deputies will vote for the adoption of the budget to show the world that Germany is united in its effort to gain a victory and "lasting peace."

## PEACE TALK AND SALE OF BONDS

Philadelphia, March 31.—The quick absorption of \$10,000,000 in German Government treasury notes, according to leading Philadelphia bankers, presages an early peace in Europe. About 75 per cent of this entire loan has been grabbed in a hurry by financial interests here, and none of the notes is for public sale, the syndicate having taken all it could get.

The Philadelphia bankers acted on information received here that the great European war would end within thirty days.

New York, where the notes were first offered, was calling on Philadelphia today, having received a similar tip, but some days later.

## AMERICAN LOSES LIFE IN FALABA

London, March 31, 2:52 a. m.—The official announcement is made that among the missing passengers of the steamer Falaba which was sunk by a German submarine is Leon Chester Thraisher, an American engineer, who had been living for the past year on the Gold Coast, British West Africa.

Thraisher had an American passport and the form was required to fill out before embarking, described himself as an American citizen, but gave no American address. He was employed by the Broomfield mines, Ltd. Inquiry at the offices of the company in London elicited the information that nothing had been heard of Thraisher and that it was presumed he had been drowned.

Passengers rescued from the Falaba say that when the submarine approached the steamer the German captain shouted in English through a megaphone "I am going to sink you."

Another first-class passenger from the Falaba reached Liverpool tonight, having been rescued by a trawler and landed at Milford.

The Daily Mail in an editorial in connection with the drowning of Thraisher, says that the question whether the Washington government will permit a belligerent to destroy an offending passenger ship, carrying an American citizen without giving that citizen any opportunity to escape, is raised in its sharpest form.

Read the Classified Ads.

## CZAR'S TROOPS PUSHING AHEAD

Petrograd, March 30, via London, March 31, 1:17 a. m.—The Russian war office tonight made public the following communication:

"On Sunday a German vessel approached Libau (on the Baltic) and fired 200 projectiles, killing one civilian and wounding another. No soldiers were injured."

"On the front west of the Niemen river the fighting continued. On Sunday, near the village of Strunabog, eight miles northwest of Lozje, we captured remnants of a German battalion which had been attacked by us with the bayonet, numbering 200."

"On the right bank of the Narwa, between the Skwa and Omulew, fighting continues for the possession of the region around the village of Wach."

"In the Carpathians, between the points leading to Bartfeld and Uzok pass, our actions are developing with perfect success. Notwithstanding the enemy's stubborn resistance and a series of desperate counter attacks, we again carried some fortified positions on the heights and captured Sunday and Monday seventy-six officers and 5384 men and five guns, twenty-one machine guns and one trench mortar."

"A detachment of the enemy advancing from Czernowitz (Bukovina) on Sunday forced our frontier and pushed forward half way to Chotin. Measures have been taken to meet this incursion."

Soldiers Reach Port.  
St. Johns, N. F., March 30.—Governor Davidson was officially notified of the safe arrival at Liverpool this noon of the Canadian liner Orduna with 250 soldiers and seventy-five naval reservists of the New Foundland contingent.

The military contingent is the third sent from this colony since the beginning of hostilities. Up to the present time New Foundland has furnished 1000 soldiers and an equal number of sailors for service overseas.

Force Is Ambushed.  
London, March 31, 2:45 a. m.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Bucharest says:

"It is reported from the Rumanian frontier that a considerable Austrian force, which crossed the river Pruth near Bojina Monday, was ambushed by the Russians and compelled to retire across the river with heavy losses."

Fog Stops Bombardment.  
Petrograd, March 30, via London, March 31, 2:42 a. m.—An official communication issued tonight tells of the operations of the Russian fleet against the Bosphorus. It says:

"On Monday morning our fleet approached the outer fortifications of the Bosphorus, but was unable to continue the bombardment, as a fog shrouded the coasts."

"One of our smaller ships exchanged shots with a Turkish destroyer, which made off at full speed for the Bosphorus after the first shots."

Turks Concentrating.  
London, March 30, 9:30 p. m.—A Reuter dispatch from Athens says:

"The Turks are repairing the damage done to the forts and concentrating troops in Smyrna."

"The operations in the Dardanelles Sunday were confined to an intermittent bombardment of several Turkish positions in which seaplanes co-operated. The Turkish reply was feeble."

Holding Conference.  
Paris, March 30.—A telegram to the Paris Temps from Petrograd states that Kaiser Wilhelm and Field Marshal von der Goltz are now taking part in a war council in Berlin, where the effect of the fall of Przemyśl and the Dardanelles situation is being discussed, together with a new plan of campaign to be adopted. The general diplomatic situation also is occupying the attention of the conferees.

German Camp Captured.  
London, March 31, 1:30 a. m.—A Cape Town dispatch to Reuter's Telegram company says that a German camp at Plattberg, fifty miles northeast of Uman, German Southwest Africa, has been captured by the British. It contained great quantities of supplies and horses and other livestock.

## THOUSANDS OF GERMAN DEAD

Paris, March 30, 6:50 p. m.—The Temps prints the following dispatch from Geneva:

"Five thousand German troops occupy the valley of Kayserberg, the Muenster and Gebweiler, according to private information from Alsace to the Democrite. The French, who have been guarding this part of the line, had difficulty in resisting the large forces arrayed against them."

"It was February 18 when the Germans began their great offensive in Alsace. The Alpine chamois yielded ground only inch by inch, fighting like lions and inflicting heavy losses on the Germans. When French reinforcements arrived they succeeded in repulsing the Germans, whose casualties in these engagements are said to have been 8000 killed. The hospitals were filled with wounded. The check to their offensive seems to have somewhat discouraged the German soldiers."

## MINING MEN TO FIGHT MEXICO LAW

El Paso, Texas, March 30.—Fifty American mining men representing as many different foreign owned corporations in northern Mexico, at a meeting here today, decided to fight against the amendments to the Mexican federal mining law made recently by the Villa convention government, which they consider virtually prohibitive.

According to the law, which goes into effect April 1, all mining prop-

## Daily Excursions

TO THE  
**3 Expositions**

California "Nature's Exposition"  
Panama-California Exposition, San Diego  
Panama-Pacific Exposition, San Francisco

**\$35** Los Angeles, San Diego and return  
Los Angeles, San Francisco and return

OTHER ATTRACTIVE ROUTES

Three Months Limit. Stopovers.

Proportionate Rates to

**PACIFIC NORTHWEST**

ASK FOR OUR EXPOSITION BOO KLET

CITY TICKET OFFICE  
Orpheum Building  
2514 Washington Ave.  
Phone 2500

W. H. CHEEVERS,  
General Agent.  
PAUL L. BEEMER,  
City Pass. & Tkt. Agt.

## TO THE TRADE:

Optimo—Cache Valley's Best.

We are pleased to announce that we have taken the agency for the Utah Milling Co. and Preston Milling Co.'s flours.

Crescent—Cream of the Valley.

**THOS. FARR & CO.**

We cordially solicit your patronage. Phone 290.

erty not being actually operated can be confiscated unless exempted under conditions which the mining experts consider impossible to fulfill.

## AMERICAN CREW LOCKED BELOW

New York, March 30.—Captain George Cornell of the American steamer Antilla in a letter today to Phelps Brothers and company, who chartered the steamer from the Ward line, gave the details of the recent seizure of the steamer by the British cruiser Digby and the treatment accorded himself and crew.

The Antilla, Captain Cornell writes, was seized February 24 and when a lieutenant and a squad of British sailors came aboard he and his crew were virtually placed under arrest. The captain was ordered to fill a claim against the British government on the ground that the steamer, before leaving this port, had been certified and sealed by British inspectors under the British consular general.

The Antilla sailed from this port on February 11 with a cargo of provisions for Malmo, Sweden.

Howard Phelps of the firm which chartered the vessel, announced today his intention of filing a claim against the British government on the ground that the steamer, before leaving this port, had been certified and sealed by British inspectors under the British consular general.

The Antilla sailed from this port on February 11 with a cargo of provisions for Malmo, Sweden.

## ROCKEFELLER TO ASSIST MINERS

New York, March 30.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., in a telegram to the Colorado state committee on unemployment and relief, announced that the Rockefeller foundation stood ready to contribute \$100,000 to relieve distress among the workers in Colorado, particularly in the mining districts.

On March 25 the committee sent a telegram to Mr. Rockefeller saying that there was considerable distress in Colorado and that although contributions had been received or pledged from various sources the indications were that the funds so gathered would be insufficient to meet the needs.

In his telegram of today Mr. Rockefeller informed the committee that the Rockefeller foundation stood ready to meet any deficit up to \$100,000. W. J. Mackenzie King, formerly commissioner of labor of Canada, but now connected with the Rockefeller foundation, is at present in Denver, Colo. In his message Mr. Rockefeller said that Mr. King would represent the foundation in this matter.

Mr. Rockefeller's telegram which was addressed to "the state committee of unemployment and relief, F. J. Radford, chairman, Trinidad, Colo." read as follows:

"Your telegram of March 25, with reference to the distress which exists among the unemployed and their families in Colorado, is received. I note the expression of opinion by your committee, that if the necessities of life can be provided during the next three months, at the end of that time it should be possible for employment to be secured on farms, in the mines or elsewhere, but that your committee fears that in the meantime the funds from individuals, county and state resources will prove insufficient to meet the need, and that unless fur-

ther immediate aid is otherwise provided, widespread suffering and want will certainly ensue.

"Should this prove to be true, the foundation stands ready up to July 1 next, to supplement the funds received from the above mentioned sources as may be necessary to pay up to \$100,000. W. L. Mackenzie King, director of the industrial relations department of the Rockefeller foundation, is now in Denver; the foundation is requesting him to represent in this matter in conference with you."

"JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, JR., "President Rockefeller Foundation."

ROMANIA HYDE IS DUE IN ZION TODAY  
Salt Lake, March 31.—After an absence of nearly two and one-half years, Miss Romania Hyde, Salt Lake's gifted violinist, will reach her home today.

Her mother, Mrs. Joseph S. Hyde, 978 East Fourth South street, was so advised, last night in a telegram from her daughter, fixing the time of her arrival in Salt Lake at 8:35 this morning.

Miss Hyde left her home on January 10, 1912, and went direct to Berlin, where, under master teachers, she pursued her studies until driven out by the European war. Since that time, up to a few weeks ago, she has continued her work in New York.

The brief message only said that the young artist was in the best of health and spirits.

Preparations are practically complete for the monster concert for Miss Hyde, which will be given in the Salt Lake theatre next Saturday evening and from all indications she will be welcomed home by a capacity house.

TRY ANYTHING ONCE.  
"We'll make a night of it," declared the Bostonian. "We'll have a feast of reason and a flow of soul."

"All right," assented the New Yorker. "I never heard of them cabaret features, but they sound good."—Judge.

Don't Be Misled If You Have Tuberculosis  
No specific has been discovered for Tuberculosis, but Eckman's Alternative has been successful in many cases. Read of this case:—

12 Thompson St., New York.  
"Gentlemen:—Five years ago last August I was taken to St. Francis' Hospital to be treated for bronchitis and congested lungs. After several weeks' treatment I was advised by the doctor to go to a convalescent sanitarium, but could not be admitted because the doctor at the hospital, after a thorough examination, declared my case Tubercular, and gave me a certificate to that effect. I showed the certificate to Father Stark, and he advised me to take Eckman's Alternative. I took it faithfully, and soon found myself free from night sweats and fever. I have not taken the Alternative now for two years, and can truthfully say I am well. I feel better and am stronger than before my sickness." (Abbreviated.)

(Affidavit) MARY KORHAMER.

Eckman's Alternative  
is most efficacious in bronchial catarrh and severe throat and lung affections and upbuilding the system. Contains no harmful or habit-forming drugs. Accept no substitutes. Small size, \$1; regular size, \$2. Sold by leading druggists. Write for booklet of recoveries.

Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia. Advertisement.